- (III) a neutralizing agent comprising an hydroxide of a monovalent cation in an amount such that the ratio of moles of monovalent cation to moles of maleic acid plus moles of D,L-tartaric acid minus moles of calcium ranges from about 2.1:1 5 to 3.8:1;
- (b) maintaining said aqueous reaction mixture at a temperature of from about 20° C. to 120° C. for a time period sufficient to form a reaction product mixture of said 1-hydroxy-3-oxa-1,2,4,5-pentane tetracarboxylic acid salts and 3,6-dioxa-1,2,4,5,7,8-octane hexacarboxylic acid salts;

  with maleic acid procession of calcium maleate.

  15. A process of carbonate to calcium octane hexacarboxylic acid salts;
- (c) treating the filtrate from step (b) with a carbonate whereby calcium carbonate precipitates; 15

- (d) removing the calcium carbonate from the filtrate and recycling it to step (a) to prepare additional amounts of reaction product and
- (e) recovering and purifying the filtrate from step (d). 14. A process of claim 13 further including the step of reacting the calcium carbonate recovered in step (d) with maleic acid prior to recycle to step (a) to form calcium maleate.
- 15. A process of claim 13 wherein the carbonate is sodium bicarbonate.
- 16. A process of claim 14 wherein the mole ratio of carbonate to calcium in step (c) is 1.3:1.
- 17. A process of claim 13 wherein the neutralizing agent is sodium hydroxide.

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